

Deaf-Mutes' Journal

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"There are more men ennobled by reading than by nature"

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Volume LXVII

New York, Thursday, May 12, 1938

Number 19

FANWOOD

SCOUT NEWS

By Morton Schlissel, Scout Scribe

The second annual Entertainment of Troop 711 took place at the chapel on Tuesday evening, April 27th. The program included short skits and Boy Scout movies. The evening was successful, as the audience enjoyed the features a great deal. After expenses were paid, \$13.70 was realized from the sale of tickets. Troop 711 wishes to thank the public for its support. Superintendent Skyberg, Chairman of the Troop Committee, presented various prizes to the following:

For one-year membership:—Scouts Altsitzer, Argule, Brakke, Cartwright, Clive, Connolly, Forman, Friedenberg, Greenstone, Gino, Geltzer, Hansen, LoBrutto, Meyerhofer, Mangine, Milnerowicz, Pollard, Rakochy, Reston, Ritter, Rifkin, Roth, Schlissel, Schiff, Schneider and Tomlet.

Membership cards:—Same as the above including Scouts Goosk, Garber, Hirschaut, Olawski and Dach.

For the Highest Number of Points in Inter-Patrol Competition for the Second Period:—To the Black Hawk Patrol: Patrol Leader Cartwright, Ass't Patrol Leader Cline, Scouts Gino, Goosk, Meyerhofer, Reston and Rifkin.

Second Class Badges for Passing Tests at the Board of Review during April:—Scouts Friedenberg, Geltzer, Meyerhofer, Mangine, Rifkin, Schiff, Schneider and Tomlet.

Life Saving Badges:—Scouts Cline, Rakochy and Tomlet.

100% Duty Medals:—Scouts Altsitzer, Forman, Greenstone, Hansen, Meyerhofer, Rakochy and Schlissel.

Four hundred Boy Scouts, consisting of two Scouts from each Troop of New York City, were the unit in the parade at the World's Fair Preview last April 30th. Scouts Meyerhofer and Pollard were honored to be our representatives to carry our colors in the parade.

Last May 5th, Troop 711 took part in the Inter-Troop Rally at the 138th Street Gymnasium, with fifteen Troops competing. No. 711 came out in the fifth place. Our Scout Reston winning the second place in the Bugling event was the most impressive feature. At the request of the District Commissioner, Scout Reston was called to play "Taps" on the platform before the troops.

Mr. Ray Gallimore, who is head supervisor and instructor of Sloyd in the primary department at the North Carolina School for the Deaf, is spending some time here, studying the methods of teaching in the vocational and handicraft departments. He graduated from the Mt. Airy School.

Mr. Reinert Gunderem, Commissioner of the Salvation Army, was a visitor at Fanwood last week. He was born in Norway, and served as an army officer for forty-eight years, visiting twenty-one different countries. He has now retired from active service and is living in Oslo, Norway. At present he is on an extensive visit to the United States, and will sail for home on the "Queen Mary" on May 30th. Mr. Gunderem enjoyed a chat with Supt. Skyberg in the Norwegian language.

The latest to join Fanwood's growing Automobile Club, is Mr. David Morrill, who now sports a 1937 Ford sedan.

A large group of teachers in training at the Lexington School visited Fanwood last Friday and were shown all the departments. One of them was Miss Shirley Plapinger, daughter of one of Fanwood's graduates. She is reported to have been appointed to a teaching position in the Rome, N. Y., school, starting next fall.

Fanwood's horseshoe pitching squad won six and lost seven duals, and placed second in a four-school meet in the first two weeks of the correspondence horseshoe campaign being conducted on a nation-wide basis by the All America Board. With Gaska, Argule, Hosking, and Gorfein representing Fanwood, New York took a second in the quads with a 62. Kansas, with 17-year-old Raleigh Most flipping 32, was first with 93, while Wisconsin and Alabama trailed with 42 and 41.

In the introductory duals, Fanwood defeated Arizona, Alabama, Rochester, Wisconsin, American, and Missouri. Kansas, South Dakota, Minnesota, Tennessee, Iowa, Louisiana, and Colorado trimmed the Cadet squad, which was composed of Argule, Gorfein, Cline, Lake, and Sandoval.

Cadets Gaska, Cline, Lake, and Sandoval also were entered in the Alabama "Play Day" games Tuesday, but results have not yet been received from H. L. Baynes, promoter of the meet there.

In other national contests last week, a greatly improved Missouri team was first, with Louisiana, South Dakota, and Arizona following in order. Iowa trimmed their opponents, which came in American, Tennessee, Colorado, and Rochester in order. Scores are not in on a third contest. The Colorado score, incidentally, was made during a snowstorm on May 6th.

Second quads will be held this week, with the National Championship due to be staged on Wednesday, May 18th. Should the Fanwood squad continue improving, there are a chance for a team position, with several of the better New York flippers standing a chance for individual honors.

Fanwood won two and lost a softball game over the weekend. The alumni lost Saturday afternoon. The regulars broke even in a morning and afternoon doubleheader with an outside organization on Sunday. Hoskings pitched the one-sided alumni game against old stars including Hovanec, Horowitz, Bell, Norflus, and others. The box score:

FANWOOD (24)									
	AB	R	H	E		AB	R	H	E
Forman, ss	4	2	2	0	Greenstone, 2b	6	5	4	0
Hosking, p	5	3	4	0	Riecke, rf	7	4	2	0
Jackson, Ray, cf	3	2	2	0	Arena, lf	8	2	5	0
Gaden, 1b	3	1	2	1	Sandoval, 3b	1	1	1	0
Gaska, c	5	2	4	0	Argule, rf	2	2	2	0
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ALUMNI (5)				
	AB	R	H	F
McKeown, rf	2	1	2	0
Lodese, ss	1	0	1	1
Shafran, cf	0	0	0	0
Hovanec, 1b	3	2	3	0
Brown, lf	1	0	1	1
Kolenda, 3b	2	1	2	2
Cairano, rf	2	1	2	0
Horowitz, 2b	0	0	0	1
Kalish, c	1	0	1	0
Norflus, O., p	0	0	0	0
Demicco, lf	0	0	0	0

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Alumni	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	—	5	12	1
Fanwood	3	0	1	8	1	1	5	5	x	24	28	5

JOHN WILKERSON.

Los Angeles, Cal.

"A Night in Vaudeville," featuring Elmer Priester and the Jiggle-Jolly Troupe was played to "standing room only," about 500, at the Cosmopolitan Club, April 30th. This show has been seen in Chicago, Detroit, Jackson, Ill., and San Francisco. Priester, aided by local stars, has added features, perhaps due to the influence of the movie capital, Hollywood. First there were a few remarks by President Bob Kelly, who called attention to the new stage and other modern features recently built at the club. We must give him credit for suggesting these improvements, and he very soon had the co-operation of the members.

Miss Lela Williams was the directress of the show and she gave the opening number, "Nearer, My God, to Thee." Signing gracefully, clad in a flowing white robe, this was an impressive picture.

A comic pantomime was next acted by Miss Melba Anderson. The dance, "The Big Apple," was danced by Mesdames Julia Kwitkie and Burma Barthe, and Robert Lee and N. Mecham. A very handsome middle-aged "lady" was then introduced as "Miss Katzenjammer," lately arrived from New York City. Making quips about her impressions of San Francisco and Los Angeles, "she" (Mr. Priester) then acceded to requests for "Yankee Doodle," and gave it in a thrilling manner, someone beating a drum as an accompaniment, and the Priester stunts added. Demonstration of applause and after presentation of flowers she gave it again as an encore. This was followed by "The Ice Skater," by Peter Barthe and "The Humorist," by Fred Meinken. Next a scene in the famed "Moulin Rouge" cafe in Paris. This was a very well acted scene by Mesdames Kwitkie, Barthe and Verburg, and Messrs. Arthur Chase, Robert Lee, and Paul Waddell representing Paris Apaches.

Mrs. Earl Lewis gave a humorous act as an orchestra conductor, and Gloria Hultene impersonated the dancer Eleanor Powell. Gloria is the grand-daughter of Mrs. Price and daughter of Mrs. Tyhurst. "Sarah Bernhardt and Company" now appeared. The great Bernhardt (Priester) was gown in a lovely black lace dress and picture hat with plumes. The company, Messrs. Genner, Verburg and McGuire, were dressed as Follies dancers. Bernhardt, (shades of the divine Sarah) talked over a microphone directing the antics of the others.

A song "Let's Dance," was declaimed by Mrs. Ruth Verburg, followed by "Hungarian Girl," by Mrs. Kwitkie, and Peter Barthe as a Cosack, giving dances in the native dress of Hungary and Russia. The next scene was the dimly-lit workshop of Omar, the Magician, I. A. Krasne. Aided by several assistants, he performed some mystifying tricks. The most thrilling was when he plunged a dagger onto a couch where a young woman assistant was supposed to be sleeping. The cover being removed, no woman was there, but she was seen in the audience a few minutes later! Mr. Krasne shows real ability as an amateur magician.

"Albums of Old Days," came next. Several grotesque groups were shown, copied from old albums. In order then came "Life," signed by Mrs. Earl Lewis, a comic "Mimic," by Paul Waddell, the "Hawaiian Darling," a graceful dance by Lela Williams, and then the "Model T Ford." This was a burlesque in which Mr. Genner and

(Continued on page 8)

NEW YORK CITY

UNION LEAGUE NOTES

The card party on Friday night, May 6th, was a success in point of attendance. The winners at "500" were Hyman Gordon, P. J. Liberman, Mike Davinger and Miss Mary Caplan. At "Bridge," the winners were Messrs. Abraham Barr and Mintz, first; Messrs. Julius Farliser and Meyer Weinberger second. In both games cash prizes were awarded.

The billiard table has been dismantled and put away for future use. For some time no one has used it again.

drawing to a close. Mr. Kessler is sure to get the first prize of \$10. For second place two are tied, and also for third prize two are tied. These will have to be played out. Of the twenty-four who entered, only two withdrew. Mr. William Kahn's 21 high run still stands, and is sure to get the \$5.00 offered for this attainment.

On account of the Farewell Reunion of the Fanwood Alumni Association, which will be held on Sunday, June 5th, the "Lit" of the Union League has been postponed till Sunday, June 12th.

Brooklyn Division, No. 23, held its monthly meeting at Livingston Hall last Saturday, May 7th, with the usual good attendance. A new lease was signed for the meeting room for another year, and use of it on the second Saturday of the months of October, November and December, which will be used for social affairs. Arrangements have been made for the summer outing to be held at Luna Park, Coney Island, on the last Saturday in August. Paul Taren is chairman. The Division generally has to plan things quite well in advance and Bro. Emil Mulfeld heads the committee that will look after the annual entertainment and ball for February 1939. A silent tribute was observed in respect for the three brothers who died during the past month, Bros. Redington, Rabenstein and Drag-onetti. Added to those who passed on recently, Division No. 23 has lost six members by death during the past two months.

In honor of her birthday on May 6th, Miss Marie Lotz was tendered a surprise party at Jessie Kaman's apartment. During the evening "500" was played, the prizes going to Grace Neilson, Goldye Aronson, Marie Lotz. Loretta Hammel got the booby.

Mr. Emanuel Souweine after 52 years of conducting an establishment in engraving, wood and photo engraving, has retired. Last month he celebrated his 80th anniversary, or his friends did so or him. Later ye scribe expects to recount the ups and downs of this individual's career.

Mr. Wilbur Gledhill of San Diego, Cal., surprised some of his New York friends by turning up very unexpectedly on the 7th. He had come East to visit his father now seventy-five years old and other relatives he had not seen for several years. Dr. Nies took him to call on several friends and also for a trip down the new Hendrik Hudson Drive. As a former New Yorker, Mr. Gledhill was greatly impressed with the "latest improvements" to the city.

On the 12th of June, Mr. William Kahn is to renounce the ranks of bachelorhood, and lead to the altar one of Gotham's leading belles.

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CHICAGOLAND

As "Topsy just grewed," so did the prosoposed jaunt of Peter J. Livshis to the Great Lakes Bowling Tournament in Syracuse April 21-22, which grew into a longer trip of about ten days, most of them spent in New York, N. Y., his favorite city. He met most of his kinsfolk living in this spot and also in Newark and East Orange, N. J. He left ahead of time to go there first, next to Syracuse, and finally back in Chicago to catch the load of business coming into his printing office, usually during the last week of each month, a plan which worked perfectly. The New York column made a record of his stay, but he wishes to add a little of his own.

Though he had seen the Empire City several times, it was the second time he traveled via the New York Central Railroad and he could not keep from expressing admiration of this route over the east bank of the Hudson River, a grandest natural approach toward the city that rises to meet it with its magnificence.

This run begins at Albany, which was a treat to see after a long straight ride east from Chicago. To roll out of it high over the long bridge into wide open morning air before swerving into a southerly direction and to look back to see the towers of Albany is to be reminded irresistibly of the Old Quebec and its turreted Chateau Frontenac with its sweep of the St. Lawrence.

He remembered having seen the Hudson in 1910 as it began to unroll. It was during one twilight when it was an exciting race between the train and the river running side by side and the panorama was cold with languor, the bar of red light sinking behind the slowly rising Catskills.

Now this 1938 trip was 28 years later. The Hudson River scenery did not change, but it was never the same. It was still imperious with charm. The mountains were still there, remote in the mist. The waters spun by, a silken sheen of lines. The morning fog wakened and brightened with sunlight. The drowsy beauty of moving mysteries was more than the eyes could bear and the traveler fell asleep, only to wake up too late to see New York City first before going underground in darkness and ending in the Grand Central Station.

Shortly after the arrival he bumped into Edgar Bloom, Jr., who looked at him with astonishment. It was near Fifth Avenue. It was a strange coincidence, for he had planned to see Bloom, knowing that he was heading the Committee under the Metropolitan Civic Association of the Deaf to look into the practicability of having the NAD exhibit at the World's Fair. This encounter led to a wider contact with his friends that gather daily with him in the nearby Blue Kitchen, such as Franz L. Ascher, Charles Joselow, Seymour Gross and Jerome Schapira. He learned afterwards that the first two names besides Miss Lilyan Sacks and Mr. Arthur Kruger are the members on the said committee.

The next first person he called upon on was Marcus Kenner at his office, where he saw the plant going in full blast, even after it was equipped with two more new presses, Miehle Vertical and Miller Speed. He observed there was a deaf employee and ascertained that Kenner always had one employed the last 22 years. He enjoyed most of all the good long talk with Kenner, the very first they had since the convention in Chicago, where even then both could barely see each other except for immediate business. It lasted about three hours.

In that neighborhood he discovered that his two uncles have their respective factories and a cousin owning an insurance agency in the Flatiron Building, once a greatest building in its time before the Singer Building went up, to be followed by the Woolworth, then the Empire and then the Radio City.

Later on he dropped in to call on J. M. Ebin, at his trade typesetting office in new quarters, across from his uncle's office. He added one more Intertype machine to his original model. Again he was thick in the gabfest with Ebin. He is a busy man, but not too busy to talk with the Chicagoans. They discussed one subject in which they have common interest—the state labor bureau.

Before calling on William Renner at the DEAF-MUTES' JOURNAL office, Mr. Livshis stopped at the Hispanic Museum to see Miss Eleanor E. Sherman, curator at that edifice. For many years he was aware of her interesting position but it was after he saw her in her habitat that he could appreciate with pleasure the fitness of the woman to the profession and that of the profession to the woman. It was like finding the right kind of jigsaw puzzle piece to fit where it belonged. It was pleasant to see her with the imposing array of Spanish oil paintings behind as her background, her eyes serious with interest. But there is lurking humor in them, you may be sure of that! Afterwards he met other deaf employees of the same place—Misses Dibble, Yeager (former Illinoisian), Armstrong and Mrs. May. In all about fourteen deaf women are employed. Only the ability to pass rigid requirements could any deaf person gain the enviable position there. From Miss Sherman, Livshis gleaned a few practical hints for the improvement of the NAD Exhibit still in his custody since the Chicago Convention.

The Chicago Oralites will be interested to know that there is a club of the same kind, known as Laro Club (first name being oral spelled in reverse). It has forty members. Last year started as an informal club under the leadership of Miss Elizabeth McLeod and her committee. It was so successful that it was organized in December 1937 and now arranges social monthly affairs, the next one perhaps to be a boat trip up the Hudson. Its present officers are F. L. Ascher, president; Helen Rubin, vice-president; Joseph F. Dyer, secretary; Henry Stein, treasurer, and Edgar Bloom, Jr., member-at-large. Seymour Gross is the chairman of entertainment committee for this year, aided by Mary Schapira and George Rice.

Mr. Livshis encountered two more coincidences. Miss Gertrude Yawitt of Chicago, came to New York almost the same time as Livshis, unknowingly until they met each other at the Kenner domicile. She was a guest of Miss McLeod. Another coincidence was right in the apartment building where the Kenners reside. When Livshis arranged to visit his uncle and his family in East Orange, N. J., he discovered that they were moving that day and gave him a new address. On seeing it he thought it looked familiar, and looking up that of the Kenners was thrilled. They were same. The Kenners live on the seventh floor and Livshis' uncle on the twelfth floor. When Livshis attended the party given by the Kenners in his honor, for which he was certainly appreciative, he was not able to leave until eleven when the refreshments were ready and then he scampered upstairs to see his uncle who was waiting for him patiently. They had fifteen minutes' chat before he went downstairs to eat with his friends.

The trip to Syracuse has been covered by the New York column.

In Syracuse Livshis made most of his stay by seeing the hotel management as well as the officialdom of the Great Lakes Bowling League in anticipation of the probable tournament in Chicago enter 1940 or 1941. He is collaborating with the Chicago Deaf Bowling League.

PETER J. LIVSHIS.

1138 W. Harrison St.

Subscribe for the DEAF-MUTES' JOURNAL, \$2.00 a year, \$1.00 for six months.

OMAHA

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar M. Treuke entertained the Jolly Twelve Pinochle Club at a six o'clock supper, at their home on Sunday, April 10th. The evening was spent in playing pinochle. All had a jolly good time.

Mr. and Mrs. Nick P. Petersen have moved to a five-room house at 3228 North 40th Avenue. They have always lived in an apartment. They have a nice garden, and out of this first experience, they are getting plenty of thrills and like it very much.

John H. Rabb spent Easter Sunday with his parents in York, Neb.

Miss Ruth Neujahr was hostess to the Rainbow Pinochle Club, at her home, Thursday evening, April 14th. It was the last meeting of the season. Mr. and Mrs. Dale Paden won the prizes for highest scores. Miss Katherine Kelly and Floyd Zabel took the consolation. Charles Falk and Mrs. Nick Petersen won the first and second cash prizes for highest scorers of the season. Delicious ice-cream, cake made by the hostess and coffee wound up a very pleasant evening.

Miss Katherine Babcock spent the week-end of April 23d, visiting relatives in Lincoln.

After being laid off for some time Oscar M. Treuke has gone back to his old job at the Omaha Fixtures Co. Scott Cuscaden was also called back to his job at the Ice Plant.

Omaha Division, No. 32, N. F. S. D., sponsored a bridge whist party Saturday evening, April 23d. It was held in the basement of the new Lutheran Church for the Deaf, and there were 19 tables. A crowd of nearly eighty turned out. Prizes for highest scores were won by Mrs. Hans Neujahr and Sam Failla. Second prize winners were Mrs. Henry O. Voss and F. Arthur Clayton. Sandwiches, cake and coffee were served. On the committee were Oscar M. Treuke, chairman; George L. Revers, Charles Macek and John M. Thompson. Out-of-town visitors were Mr. and Mrs. Robert Reicker of Beatrice, Mr. and Mrs. John Steyer of Papillion, Mr. and Mrs. Abe Rosenblatt of Kansas City, Mo.; Donald Day of Fort Calhoun, Albert Miller of Alexandria, Mr. and Mrs. Dale Freeman of Blair, and Thomas R. Peterson of Valparaiso.

HAL AND MEL.

All Angels' Church for the Deaf (Episcopal)

1151 Leland Ave. Chicago, Illinois (One block north of Wilson Ave. "L" station, and one-half block west).

Rev. GEORGE F. FLICK, Priest-in-charge. Mr. FREDERICK W. HINRICH, Lay-Reader. Church services, every Sunday at 11 A.M., Holy Communion, first and third Sundays of each month.

Social Supper, second Wednesday of each month, 6:30 P.M., with entertainment following at 8 P.M.

Get-together socials at 8 P.M., all other Wednesdays. (Use Racine Ave. entrance) Minister's address, 6336 Kenwood Avenue

Central Oral Club, Chicago

Organized 1908—Incorporated 1925

The Oldest Club for the Oral Deaf in Chicago. Socials and Cards Second Sunday of each month from September to and including June. Entree: 7:30 P.M. Atlantic Hotel, 316 South Clark Street, Hall K, Mezzanine Floor. Convenient location and transportation.

Send all communication to Mrs. Sadie McElroy, 227 Englewood Ave. (Apt. 210), Chicago, Ill.

Our Savior Lutheran Church

The Rev. Ernest Scheibert, Pastor

1400 N. Ridgeway Avenue, Chicago, Ill. Services—10:00 A.M., May to September; 2:30 P.M., October to April.

Holy Communion on the first Sunday of the month. Preaching in speech and the sign-language. Hearing friends invited to special services. We preach salvation through faith in Jesus Christ—"Come and we will do thee good."

SOCIETIES

The Silent Lutheran Club
Lutheran Deaf-Mute Ladies' Aid Society.

Federal Aid in Minnesota

The last N. A. D. Bulletin carried an article by Rev. Mr. Smaltz stating that "Pennsylvania is the only state receiving a grant of federal money for its Division for the Deaf." From his further remarks I gather this money is matched through the Department of Vocational Rehabilitation. His statement is quite astonishing in view of the fact that only a short time ago Mr. Smaltz wrote me and asked for definite information regarding the training programs carried on here. This information was sent him in ample time to have reached his office before the publishing of the Bulletin.

The facts are that the Minnesota Division for the Deaf was established in 1913, several years before the rehabilitation program was inaugurated. It was not until 1919 that rehabilitation work was started. Minnesota was among the first to establish a Department of Vocational Rehabilitation and it at all times co-operated with the Division for the Deaf. It had a special committee to discuss and plan training programs for the deaf and hard of hearing. The head of the department was a former employee of the State Industrial Commission in the early days when the Division for the Deaf came into existence. He realized he did not know enough about the deaf to give them the best service possible so his committee consisted of Mr. Victor Skyberg (who knows more about rehabilitation than both Mr. Smaltz and I), the Supt. of the Division for the Deaf and two representatives of the Leagues for the Hard of Hearing. In 1930 the Division for the Deaf made an agreement with the Department of Vocational Rehabilitation to do all the planning and supervising of training programs for the deaf and hard of hearing workers. Since that date the Federal government has matched whatever funds this state has spent on the Division for the Deaf. This whole amount has been used for training the deaf but even at that it is not enough for our needs.

Every letter this office has written to persons interested in establishing divisions for the deaf has suggested a tie-up with their state rehabilitation office. In fact, the paper I read at Chicago brought this subject up for discussion. I am sorry Mr. Smaltz did not discuss it as he might have emphasized it's importance.

The Pennsylvania Vocational Rehabilitation office has always been very liberal in its aid to the deaf. I doubt that they needed much persuasion to continue this work. What I would like to know is this; does the head of the Division for the Deaf do the planning and supervising of training programs or does the worker in the rehabilitation office do it? Is the money matched actually spent in training the deaf or is it just dumped into rehabilitation funds and used as needed for any handicapped person?

PETRA F. HOWARD.

Silent Athletic Club, Inc., of Philadelphia, Pa.

3529 Germantown Avenue

Club-rooms open to visitors during week-ends, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, and during holidays.

Business meeting every second Friday of the month.

Socials every Fourth Saturday.

John E. Dunner, President. For information write to Howard S. Ferguson, Secretary, 250 W. Sparks St., Olney, Philadelphia.

Hebrew Assn. of the Deaf, Inc.

Temple Beth-El, 76th St., Cor. 5th Ave.

Meets Third Sunday at 8 P.M. of the month. Information can be had from Mrs. Tanya Nash, Executive Director, 4 East 76th Street, New York City; or Mrs. Joseph C. Sturtz, Secretary, 1974 Grand Ave., New York City.

Religious Services held every Friday evening at 8:30. Athletic and other activities every Wednesday evening. Socials First and Third Sunday evenings. Movies Third Wednesday of the month.

MINNESOTA

News items for this column, and subscriptions, should be sent to Wesley Lauritsen, School for the Deaf, Faribault, Minnesota.

TWIN CITY NEWS

The Minneapolis - St. Paul Oralists have an organization which is known as the Minnepaul Oral Association. It is composed of a number of live-wire oralists whose energetic press agent is R. P. Spater. He intends to help keep things humming and will henceforth provide this column with news items regarding the activities and plans of the organization.

On April 23d, the Minnepauls gave a comedy, "Just Beore the Battle," before a large and appreciative audience at Thompson Hall. It was a war play, starring Russell Corcoran as an army recruiting officer. In this role he wore a German officer's spiked helmet. Howard Johnson portrayed a hungry and penniless bum who desired to join the army in order that he might eat. After enlisting the rookie, the officer took him to the Hun-Gry Cafe, where they encountered Joe Lieb who had turned waiter. Ricard Spater was an army sergeant, who later turned medical officer and amputated the leg of the rookie after he had been injured by sharpnel. Several women in the optience were reported as having fainted when the hard-boiled doctor tossed the leg away after the amputation. For the reader's benefit we will state it was an artificial leg borrowed from a store. The play is said to have drawn the greatest laughter Thompson Hall has heard since the beginning of the depression. Behind-the-scene workers were George Revak, Lloyd Carson and Joe Shama.

Through the efforts of Mr. Spater several reels of movies were shown the same night. These included "Sailors Beware" starring Laurel and Hardy, "The Hindenberg Disaster," and "Beavers at Home."

The Minnepauls plan a picnic in St. Paul during the month of August. Details will be given in a later issue of this paper.

Go-getter Clifford Horgan has just recruited Frederick Armstrong to join the Minnepauls.

The mother of Russell Corcoran was in an automobile crash in Minneapolis recently. She suffered a broken collar bone and cuts about the face.

Miss Agnes Haley, recent graduate of the Minnesota School, has announced her engagement to Walter Bednarski, a Minneapolis oral school product. Their many friends extend heartiest congratulations.

On April 1st, Edward E. Bauer, 58, a Minneapolis resident for more than a quarter of a century, passed to the Great Beyond. His death was caused by heart disease. He was a successful job printer. He is survived by his wife, a son and three daughters. Rev. J. L. Salvner officiated at the funeral. Burial was at Lakewood Cemetery.

The Minneapolis home of Clarence Gruber was the scene of a delightful "500" party on the evening of April 29th. Cards were shuffled at nine tables, and the gathering was such a success that it is planned to have monthly parties from now on.

On the same night there was a social at the Calvary Chapel. Part of the entertainment was in the form of movies; best part was the tasty refreshments served late in the evening.

Joe Kuhlman has resumed his duties at the United States Bedding Company after a long layoff. This firm has had other deaf employees on its payroll from time to time. They include Clinton Fry and Charles Slectha, who have been there close to ten years.

Mr. and Mrs. John Schwirtz, who left Faribault last fall, are enjoying life to the fullest in sunny California. They feel fully at home in Berkeley

as there is a large Minnesota colony there and they have been sharing an apartment with their former Minnesota neighbors, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Bruns. Some of the former Minnesotans now living in Berkeley are Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Stevenson and family, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Hoxie and family, Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Hatfield, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Skogen, Miss Olga Bright, and at least a half dozen others who joined the great trek after likable Superintendent Stevenson had signed up to head the California School.

On May 1st, the Reverend Henry O. Bjorlie was in Council Bluffs, Iowa, and Omaha, Nebraska, ministering to members of his flock at the state schools in these two cities. During his absence from Faribault services were conducted in the Ephphatha Church as usual, Wesley Lauritsen being in charge.

Our sympathy goes to our energetic track coach, Chester Dobson. On Tuesday, May 2d, he was out with his squad and rehearsing his fast dash men, who have not been defeated this season. In firing a pistol made expressly for the use of blanks, Mr. Dobson suffered slight powder wounds on one hand as a blank exploded or backfired. Fortunately, the injury was slight and prompt medical attention prevented any ill after-effects.

The track team entered a dual meet with the Northfield High School squad on April 30th. Dobson's proteges showed up well in the dash events and relay, but were weak in all field events. The College City team won, 76 to 26.

The baseballers engaged the Lakeville nine on April 29th and suffered a 13 to 0 setback.

Various organizations are now beginning to announce their picnic dates. In the next week's issue we shall publish all dates that have been announced. If you want your picnic dates announced, please write us well in advance. We want to announce all gatherings to which the deaf in general are welcome.

Remember that the DEAF-MUTES' JOURNAL is published weekly during the whole year. Send in your renewal or subscription promptly so as not to miss a copy.

Superintendent Elstad has made the following announcement:

We realize that many of our graduates are having a difficult time getting positions. It is for this reason that Mr. Farrar, principal of our vocational department, will travel through the state for two months this summer contacting employers and thereby helping these young folks to get positions. Will you please write to the school office telling of your difficulties so we may contact you this summer? In this way we can do the most good for the largest number of the unemployed. This is only an experiment so you must not expect too much this year.

WESLEY LAURITSEN.

Susan Benedict Bryant

By Edwin E. Maczkowske

On this occasion of the dedicating of her portrait in the Deaf Department of Calvary Baptist Church, Washington, D. C., it is a great pleasure to have the honor and opportunity of saying a few words about the life and character of Mrs. Susan Benedict Bryant, who departed this world May 26, 1937, at the age of 78 years. On her long and fruitful career a few incidents may be of interest to the deaf and their friends.

Mrs. Bryant, the only child of Isaac Hoyt and Sarah Stelle Benedict, was born August 15, 1858, at Stelton, New Jersey. On her father's side she was the granddaughter of Colonel Samuel W. Benedict, a friend of General George Washington. Colonel Benedict was one of those selected to meet the Marquis de Lafayette when he returned to visit America in 1824. It was also Colonel Benedict who introduced Lafayette to the Mayor of New York City. Through her mother she was the granddaughter of the well-known Stelle family who founded the town of Stelton, N. J.

Isaac H. Benedict was graduated from the New York Institution for the Deaf, then located on Fiftieth Street. The Superintendent of the Institution was Dr. Harvey P. Peet, grandfather of our interpreter, Miss Elizabeth Peet. Sarah Stelle attended the same school after it moved to its present location in Fanwood. It was here that the meeting occurred which terminated in their marriage July 22, 1857, by the Rev. Thomas Gallaudet.

After graduating from the New York School he accepted a position as an instructor there and served in this position for nineteen years. In 1865 he entered the service of the Government as a bookkeeper in the Treasury Department in Washington, D. C., to which city a short time later he then brought his wife and little daughter. Mrs. Sarah Benedict died in 1900 at the age of 78 years, and fifteen years later Mr. Isaac Benedict also departed this life at the ripe old age of 90 years.

Susie Benedict, as she was known to all her friends, attended the public schools of Washington and Park Seminary. At an early age she united with Calvary Baptist Church and became a valued and honored member there for the remainder of her life.

On June 15, 1887, she became the wife of Arthur D. Bryant, a graduate of Gallaudet College and, at that time, instructor of Art there. Of this union there were three children, of whom a daughter is still living. Some time later Mr. Bryant was appointed leader of the Deaf Department of Calvary Baptist Church. Finally this church ordained him a minister. During his service as leader and preacher she took a very active part in the affairs of the deaf.

Much of her knowledge and understanding of the deaf people and their difficulties came, no doubt, from the fact that she was the daughter of deaf parents. She grew up in an environment that was most desirable for a true discernment of their problems. Always a tireless worker for the deaf, she never hesitated when called upon for assistance. In this particular field of service hardly a day passed without her having some trouble to unravel. Looking for jobs, consulting lawyers, doctors, district officials, church authorities, charity organizations, hospitals, and even visiting the jail and police court were among her various duties. Beside these she managed her home, which, as many of you know, was a severe burden to her the last few years.

Although blessed with normal hearing she was fluent in the use of the sign language and an interesting conversationalist. She enjoyed a good story and was always ready with one herself. During her youth she was popular among her hearing as well as her deaf friends. After her marriage her home was a gathering place for the deaf. Here the news events of the deaf community were distributed. Her passing has left a great void which may never be filled again.

All of you here tonight have without doubt heard of Florence Nightingdale, the nurse of the Crimean War, and of Jane Addams of Hull House, Chicago. Their work and their names have reached the four corners of the globe. What they did had a bearing on the lives of many people. What Mrs. Bryant accomplished concerned only a small class of people. Nevertheless, her work was just as noble and self-sacrificing.

Between the world of the deaf and the world of the normal hearing individual there exists a deep chasm which has never been bridged satisfactorily, and may never be. For the deaf of Washington and its environs Mrs. Susan Benedict Bryant bridged this chasm in a remarkable manner. Above all she did it with humility and dignity. In all probability no one will ever hold with equal distinction and honor the place among the deaf of this city she held so long and so well.

There is one point we must remember. Mrs. Bryant did not have to serve the deaf, or anyone else for that matter. She was well-to-do in her own right, and had many friends who were prominent and influential citizens of Washington. On many occasions these good friends were of great help to her in her work. In spite of this she gave up the society of the hearing people, and like a true soldier, marched along with her dear companion, Rev. A. D. Bryant, and fought the battles of the deaf. Like her husband she had her full share of sorrow which only tended to intensify her love for those she served.

Many years ago she started contributions for a memorial tablet which rests at Guilford, Conn., to the memory of Mrs. Sophia Fowler Gallaudet, mother of Edward Miner Gallaudet, the first President of Gallaudet College. It is my understanding that the funds thus raised came from the deaf women of the United States. This tablet was the first memorial placed anywhere in this country in honor of a woman by women alone. She was president of this organization at the time. The sculptor was a deaf man.

She loved motoring and this was her chief diversion outside of the church, church socials, and the Sunbeam Society. After she began to show signs of illness these motor trips seemed to aggravate her suffering. Each time she came back from a ride she appeared worse. It was a very short trip of two or three blocks in a taxicab that proved the fatal ride. When she returned from this trip she retired to her room never to leave it again alive.

To show how much she thought of the deaf I will give you an example. She had many flowers in her room, the gifts of her numerous friends, but a special spray of flowers she had placed on the floor near her bed so that she could touch them. One day when I entered her room she called my attention to these particular blooms and asked me to come and smell them. She said, "The deaf people sent me these flowers." "Are they not wonderful?" She thought of others, but she thought of the deaf first, last, and all the time.

The saddest time came when she no longer could talk to Rev. Bryant. She was still able to converse with her nurse, but was too weak to raise her hand to spell. Rev. Bryant could not understand this, nor did he realize that the end was only a question of hours when she would be called home forever.

My conception of this noble lady is most strikingly expressed in Ben Johnson's beautiful verse "The Noble Nature" quoted below.

It is not growing like a tree
In bulk, doth make man better be;
Or standing long an oak, three thousand
years,
To fall a log at last, dry, bald, and sere;
A lily of a day
Is fairer far in May,
Although it fall and die that night;
It was the plant and flower of Light,
In small proportion we just beauties see;
And in short measure life may perfect be.

Hebrew Association of the Deaf of Philadelphia

Jefferson Manor at S. W., corner of Broad and Jefferson Streets.
Meets first Sunday evening of each month from 3 to 5:30 P.M.
Rooms open for Socials Saturdays and Sundays.

For information, write to Joseph Gelman, President, or Mrs. Sylvan G. Stern, Secretary, 5043 N. 16th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Brooklyn Hebrew Society of the Deaf, Inc.

Meets second Sunday of each month except July and August, at the Hebrew Educational Society Building, Hopkinson and Sutter Avenues, Brooklyn.
Services and interesting speakers every Friday evening at 8:30 P.M., at the H. E. S. English Class, every Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday at 8 o'clock sharp, from September to May, at P. S. 150, Sackman and Sutter Avenues, Brooklyn.
Louis Baker, President; Louis Cohen, Secretary; 421 Logan Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

DEAF-MUTES' JOURNAL

NEW YORK, MAY 12, 1938

THOMAS FRANCIS FOX, *Editor*
WILLIAM A. RENNER, *Business Manager*

THE DEAF-MUTES' JOURNAL (published by the New York School for the Deaf, at 163d Street and Riverside Drive) is issued every Thursday; it is the best paper for the deaf published, containing the latest news and correspondence; the best writers contribute to it.

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VICTOR O. SKYBERG, M.A.
Superintendent

"He's true to God who's true to man;
Whenever wrong is done
To the humblest and the weakest
'Neath the all-beholding sun,
That wrong is also done to us,
And they are slaves most base,
Whose love of right is for themselves
And not for all the race."

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QUITE a rumpus, a sort of tempest in a teapot, seems to be the outcome of the dictum of a president of a Women's college that "mother love is the result of self-love." Naturally it is resented by some of the gentler sex that most neurosis in children can be traced on maternal love or hate. It is as preposterous to assert that what mothers may love or hate in their children is a true statement based upon trivial whim, that goodness or the reverse has nothing to do in the matter of mothers' natural love of their children.

All people are tender to the pleasant side of their own personalities and seek to overlook disagreeable aspects; they are not anxious to have such qualities thrust before their eyes in their children. Each parent is perfectly willing to assume the responsibility of the fine traits in their offspring, but are not so frank in being held as the cause for the outcropping of disagreeable qualities. Each may be inclined to regard the finer qualities in their children as having been inherited from themselves, while questionable traits they are willing to pass over to the other party.

It does appear a bit unfair to place the whole burden of blame upon the mother when naturally the father is presumed to have had some part in it, when we consider that the character of any individual is made up of many traits and forms the sum total of tendencies in a person. It is directed or controlled by habits of action following original tendencies as controlled by environment. Where these original tendencies come from seems to be the answer as to which parent is responsible for desirable or undesirable characteristics in children.

STRONG expression of resentment has followed the trend towards unionism in the teaching profession; it is regarded as a threat to the cause of higher education. A warning has been

sounded calling those interested to take a united stand for academic freedom. This, it is said, to be especially urgent today when freedom of thought is menaced from all directions. Many of those who are most vociferously desirous of it for themselves would be the first to deny it to others. The fear exists that there is a tendency to convert the schools into instruments of propaganda, collections of regimented teachers conforming to mass prejudice, or to the opinions of non-professionals.

THE ingenuity of the method employed by Principal Wilbur L. Tyrrell of Fanwood's Vocational School in ferreting out the point of location of the school's cornerstone, placed in position in 1853, is deserving of praise. It was the fortunate idea of an engineer of skillful ability.

For some time Superintendent Skyberg had been worried in his efforts to locate the position of the stone and to discover what the enclosed box might contain. All inquiries proved of no avail, but Mr. Tyrrell's device, as explained in the *Fanwood Journal* for April, proved a scientific device that happily unlocked the mystery. As he described the device, it is a means for generating waves of magnetism, detecting their presence at a distance, a rectifying device for changing alternating currents to direct current, with an indicating meter which has great sensitivity. Our hats are off to the marvelous success of his electrical appliance.

Ogden D. Budd

Ogden D. Budd, retired broker, died May 4th, at his residence 100 West Eightieth Street. He was born in New York City on July 9, 1861. His father, Dr. Bern L. Budd, his grandfather and his great grandfather, were practicing physicians in this city. His mother, who was Katherine Fowler Gallaudet of Hartford, was the daughter of the Rev. Thomas Hopkins Gallaudet who ministered to the deaf of this country and founded the first school for their instruction.

Mr. Budd was graduated from the College of the City of New York in 1881, and throughout his life maintained his interest in the college, serving as a trustee of the Student Aid Fund until two years ago. He was a member of the executive committee of the Thomas Hunter Association composed of former students of the old Thirteenth Street school. He was a member of Delta Kappa Epsilon, serving for many years on the council of the fraternity. Surviving are his widow Mrs. Grace Annie Jackson Budd, to whom he was married on May 4, 1886; a daughter, Miss Annie McCoun Noble Budd; three sons, Bern, Ogden D. Jr., and Thomas Gallaudet Budd, and three grandsons.

Funeral services were held at St. Agnes's Chapel, Trinity Parish, 120 West Ninety-second street, and interment was in the Warwick Cemetery near the family homestead at Lake, Orange County, N. Y.—*N. Y. Sun*, May 5, 1938.

At the meeting of the Board of Directors of the North Carolina School for the Deaf on Tuesday, April 5, Mrs. Frank P. Tate was elected Principal, succeeding Miss Enfield Joiner, who has resigned.

Mrs. Tate, who before her marriage was Miss Pattie Thomason, was principal of the School from 1918 through 1923. She is a member of the Walker family of South Carolina which has been prominently identified with the education of the deaf for generations.—*The Deaf Carolinian*.

Connecticut

On Saturday evening, April 30th, the Hartford Division, No. 37, N. F. S. D., celebrated its 25th anniversary with a banquet at the Hotel Bond. The Hotel Bond is famous for its cuisine, which is in itself a sufficient incentive for its selection by the Division. This banquet was a most pleasing and successful affair. There was a record number of "Frat's" in attendance, who with their guests, counted up to one hundred and seventy.

The arrivals were prompt and were soon seated and enjoying the epicurean dainties. The feast itself was unsurpassed and the service excellent. When the men and women had lighted cigars and cigarettes, respectively, and settled themselves comfortably in their chairs, Mr. Edward Szopa, chairman of the Banquet Committee, rose and called for attention, which he immediately received. He talked of the purpose of the banquet and of the growth of the Division. He then asked the gathering to stand up to toast the ten Charter Members present, who, 25 years ago, encountered some difficulties in organizing the Division. He then introduced President McMahon of the Division, who was to act as toastmaster. He made a preliminary address before introducing the speakers of the evening. Mr. Edmund B. Boatner, Superintendent of the American School for the Deaf, was first introduced. He made an address, which was as inspirational and interesting as his editorials in the *American Era*, the school publication.

Mr. Walter Tucker, Superintendent of the Mystic Oral School for the Deaf, was the next and one could not help but wonder that such a master in the art of sign-making was so decidedly "oral" in his views on the education of deaf children. Both addresses were pertaining to Insurance and Fraternity, and were enthusiastically received (it may interest you to know that Connecticut was the pioneer among American states in combined and oral instruction for the deaf). Then Mr. Walter Hale, first president of the Division, was called upon and he made a sober address on the history of the organization. A floor show which followed pleased the guests immensely.

Mrs. Edgar Luther ended the program by gracefully rendering the toast to "Viva La N. F. S. D." Mrs. Elvira Fink, hearing daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Fancher, acted as interpreter, to whom the thanks of the Division were extended for her services.

After the program was over, dancing was indulged in by those who loved to "trip the light fantastic."

A free souvenir pencil was presented to every one present at the banquet. The programs were the work of Morton Hadlock, deaf printer. The printing harmonized beautifully.

The Banquet Committee is to be congratulated upon the splendid success of their efforts. They are Edward Szopa, chairman; Milton Silverman, Max Friedman, Herman Stecker, Edgar Luther, and Robert Wilson.

The ten Charter Members present were Charles Dermody, Walter Hale, Edgar Luther, all of West Hartford; Felix Bonvouloir, Carl Olson, George Mottram, all of Hartford; Robert St. John of Waterbury, William Frazier of Danvers, Mass., and Lawrence Crowley of Whitinsville, Mass. The other two who were not present are Roland Sharpe who lives in Oregon, and Herbert Rivers of Hartford who no longer is a member of the Division.
W. G. DURIAN

Miss Priscilla Harris, who is a housekeeper for a family in Cheshire, is taking advantage of a good opportunity to elevate herself. She goes to the American School for the Deaf twice a week to take a course in type-writing mechanics under the tutelage

of Mr. Jules P. Rakow, instructor. This is made possible through W. P. A. funds. Mr. Andrew LeGras of Hartford is also taking advantage of the opportunity. Both hope to find employment in either the Royal Typewriter Co., or the Underwood Elliott Fisher Co., upon completion of the course. Their many friends hope they will succeed.

Mr. and Mrs. (Mary Levine) Charles Moscovitz and their three-years-old daughter came to Hartford from Cambridge, Mass., to attend the Silver Jubilee Banquet at the Hotel Bond last April 30th. Mr. Moscovitz and daughter remained a few days as guests of Mr. and Mrs. David Cole of 99 N. Main Street, Manchester, Conn.

G. W. C.

Empire State Association of the Deaf

Communications pertaining to the Empire State Association of the Deaf should be sent to the Secretary, William M. Lange, Jr., 57 Dove St., Albany, N. Y.

ALL TOGETHER

Governor Lehman of New York has signed the bill introduced by State Senator Jacob Livingston which continues the temporary State Commission created in 1937 by the Legislature to recommend measures to improve facilities for hard of hearing and deaf children, and increases the scope of the commission to include adult deaf and hard of hearing, particularly with regard to labor conditions.

This will enable the commission to inquire thoroughly into measures whereby an efficient labor agency may be provided for the adult deaf and hard of hearing in the state. The deaf of New York now have a splendid opportunity to obtain the thing they have been working for. All should unite regardless of any personal feeling or affiliation with any organization in the state. United action will be necessary. We urge every member of this society in New York State to do his part, to get behind this worth-while movement and see it through to a successful finish. That will be a credit to the deaf of New York.

This society desires and claims no credit for initiating the labor bureau movement in the state, or in any other state. All we wish to see encompassed is a better opportunity for our members and all other deaf people everywhere to secure employment and maintain themselves as responsible members of their communities.

Above we quote an editorial that appeared in *The Frat* for May. The ESAD wishes to take this opportunity to thank President Roberts for his interest in our work and for the whole-hearted support which is implied by his article for our organization. His support has already taken effect, as eight of the eleven Frat Divisions in New York State have made known their desire to back the ESAD to the limit in the Labor Bureau fight. As Roberts says, we should "all unite regardless of personal feelings or affiliation with any organization in the state. United action will be necessary. We urge every member of this society in New York State to do his part, to get behind this worth-while movement and see it through to a successful finish."

As the ESAD has the best facilities and organized power to get right down to brass tacks with the powers that will carry on the fight, we urge all deaf persons of New York State to join the ESAD and help us help them carry on. To quote President Roberts again this "will be a credit to the deaf of New York."

WM. M. LANGE, JR., *Secretary*,
Empire State Association
of the Deaf

Subscribe for the DEAF-MUTES' JOURNAL, \$2.00 a year, \$1.00 for six months.

Appointments of Rev. Franklin C. Smielau

May 12—Wilmington, N. C., 8 P.M.
May 14—Charlotte, N. C., 8 P.M.
May 15—Raleigh, N. C., 11 A.M.
May 15—Durham, N. C., 3 P.M.
May 17—Lynchburg, Va., 8 P.M.
May 19—Richmond, Va., 8 P.M.
May 22—Gallaudet College, 10 A.M.
May 22—Washington, D. C., 3 P.M.
May 29—Wilmington, Del., 11 A.M.
May 29—Philadelphia, Pa., 3 P.M.
May 29—Reading, Pa., 7:30 P.M.

Basketball OdditiesBy J. Frederick Meagher
No. 2

The year 1938 saw more cage records broken in American Deafdom, than any two previous years combined! Let's list a few—you might cut this out and save for reference when enjoying those red-hot group-arguments us sports-fans delight in. Asterisks denote what I believe stand as "World's Deaf Tourney Records."

Team high.—*Ark. 67 (Ga. 26) single game. *Ark. 282 for six straight tourney games. *Western Penna. 122 for one day (three games).

Individual high.—*Marvin Smith, Ala., 46 in one game (against Okla.); also *126 in six tourney games, official (and two additional points he scored for Miss., in famous "referee's wrong facing play.") Say, come to think of it, just who gets credit for that basket, on official score-books. Let's argue this all night long. Arkansas' Howton had scored 39 points in single game, two hours previous).

Largest non-tourney score.—Washington (Vancouver) 88-18 against "Independents," whomever they were.

Closest competition.—*Midwest; first three games decided by one point margin; for second straight year championship final decided by one basket.

Most heroic stand.—*New Jersey, playing three games in five hours, to win playoff in National Deaf Championship tournament, scoring 81 to 73 points.

Most encouraging improvement.—*Amazing success of the 4th National in New York City, after first three Nationals proved financial flops. This 4th annual National, managed "kids," paid out \$525 to the four sectional champions attending, and gave trophies (all donated by enthusiastic patrons) worth \$113.61.

Longest basket.—73-ft. without touching rim; by Alton Smith, Ark., in first few moments of his first game on seniors, just after reaching 16th birthday. (Pure luck, of course; but the Amazing Adolescent displayed astounding good-sense by not trying to duplicate his phenomenal feat during entire tourney).

Busiest referees.—The Southern. State tourney on; two officials hard to get; with seven games per day, they operated with only one official per game, the other resting. Aside from that famous "wrong facing" play, never a real argument.

Mulum in Parvo.—Rhode Island, our smallest state, wants to play host to Eastern next winter, using gym of Brown University—biggest gym our tourneys have used yet.

Best program.—National, 15 cents. Also masterpieces of printers' art were Southern, 10 cents; Midwest, 5 cents; and Eastern (no price-tag, evidently free). My own Central was a meager slap-together, without the customary statistics on players; in no sense commensurate with the high traditions and sterling calibre of our senior tourney. Distributed free.

Brother acts.—McLean, Iowa (second string All-America) has Board Secretary Wilkerson confused; seems there are two McLeans there. Last year capped the case; in addition to the two Wis. Boettschers, we found South Dakota had three Christensons, when we placed one of them on our fourth.

Best tourney paper.—Arkansas Optic, welcoming teams. Eight large pages, 59 cuts or pix, important basketball histories and statistics, other really high-grade dope. Edited by Principal Zimble and Altor Sedlow; credit printer Marsden and classes.

Finest uniforms.—*Louisiana; "silver satin"—un-tearable football material, which gleamed like silver armor of knights.

Most effective new formation.—Louisiana; lining up four-abreast like a football backfield on throw-in, scattering on signal so it was impossible to properly guard ball-receiver.

Best Basketball paper.—While all our sheets devoted more or less space to the cage game, this DEAF-MUTES' JOURNAL again seems to lead the field in quantity and quality. The JOURNAL office—and entire Fanwood school—played stellar roles in making the 4th annual National championship tournament a success, after our first three brave attempts had fizzled.

Most far-sighted.—The Central, first to schedule tournaments more than a year ahead. Adopts six-year schedule: 1939 Missouri, '40 Indiana, '41 Ohio, '42 Michigan, '43 Illinois, '44 Wisconsin again.

Best alibi.—Boardman Baynes' explanation for Alabama's defeat in the Southern: "Alabama tried mighty hard, and has but one alibi; 'Mississippi was there!'"

Best scoreboard.—Wisconsin, in a way; although it flashes nothing but scores, minutes remaining, and "play is on" bulb. Most scoreboards show much more. Their \$135 plunger-worked score-box on the officials' bench automatically sounds a horn when time is up. Harassed scorer Kuglitsch once forgot to press the "resume play" button of the box, which keeps time accurately; first time he pushed a button denoting change of score, box emitted a horrible horn-honk—referee and umpire scurried over to find out what was wrong, much fussing and fuming and gnashing of teeth; everybody declaring that \$135 box cost \$134.02 too much; finally the alert Neesam noticed the "play is on" light of the scoreboard was not glowing; everything settled happily.

Strangest score-coincidence.—Two tournament titles decided by same score, 26-24. In Central, Wis. staged its patented "Wisconsin finish" to nab Indiana in last three seconds. In Midwest for the second straight year Minn. trounced Kansas by the same score, 26-24. (Year ago, Minn. had already lost one game, so Kansas won on points; this year the final game saw the two undefeated teams clash for cup—and a small lowly sub happened to sink the Dick Merriwell marker).

National oddity.—Two of last year's championship teams repeating. (And to think Kansas missed making it three, by one basket!) In the future, probably never will more than two teams "repeat"—and that but seldom. For with "weaker teams" rapidly improving as coaching becomes standardized, and the fraction of an indisparity when shooting at the loop spells the difference between champ and chump, the element of "luck" will be a decisive factor. A "favorite" team is at tremendous disadvantage—unstrung, nervous, jittery, fearful of failure. Players ready to bite each other. As witness the 19-19 score, three minutes before closing gun, when Mississippi—second in National—met the Oklahoma door-mats, last day of Southern! (Yet some wondered how Chief Mendez of Oklahoma, made All-American).

(To be continued)

St. Ann's Church for the Deaf

511 West 148th Street, New York City
REV. GUILBERT C. BRADDOCK, Vicar
Church services every Sunday at 3 P.M.
Holy Communion, first Sunday of each month, 11 A.M. and 3 P.M., from November to June.

Office Hours.—Morning, 10 to 12. Afternoon, 2 to 5. Evening, 7 to 9. Daily except Sunday.

Ephpheta Society for the Catholic Deaf, Inc.

St. Francis Xavier College, 30 West 16th Street, New York City

For any information regarding Ephpheta Society communicate direct to either:
Mrs. Catherine Gallagher, President,
129 West 98th Street, New York City
Herbert Koritzer, Secretary, 21-50 Thirty-eighth Street, Astoria, L. I.

GALLAUDET COLLEGE

By Will Rogers

Taking top honors in every event except the shot-put, Gallaudet's tracksters swamped a weak American University team Saturday afternoon on Hotchkiss Field by a 91-35 score. Showing better form than in any of their previous meets, the Blues took a substantial lead from the start and held it throughout the meet. Best performance of the day was shown by Lowman, star sprinter of the Blues, who, after taking the 100 and 220 yard dashes, came back to win the 440 yard run with yards to spare.

High point man for the AU team was Hill, who competed in five events and placed in all, winning the shot-put and garnering AU's only first place of the day. Dick Phillips, lanky timber topper, led the field home in both the low and high hurdles, with Atwood not so lanky, right behind him in the lows and third in the highs. Although AU had no entrants in the pole vault, the event was run off, Akin placing first and setting a new field and track record with a height of 11 ft 1 in. Other individual winners were Doering, Henji, Stevens, Dickson, Ravn, and Mrkobrad.

On Tuesday, May 10th, Gallaudet will meet the Bridgewater team on the Blue's home field. Three days later, Friday, May 13th, Gallaudet and the Maryland University Freshman team will meet on Hotchkiss Field. With two meets so close together, the boys will have plenty of work on their hands. The summaries.

100 yard dash—Lowman (G), Hill (AU), Cooke (AU), 10.4 sec.
220 yard dash—Lowman (G), Lakosky (G), Cook (AU), 23.2 sec.
440 yard dash—Lowman (G), Doering (G), Horton (AU), 54.5 sec.
880 yard run—Doering (G), Jablonsky (AU), Horton (AU), 2 min. 9 sec.
One mile run—Henji (G), Latz (G), Little (AU), 4 min. 57 sec.
Two mile run—Dickson (G), Henji (G), Little (AU), 11 min. 31 sec.
120 yard high hurdles—Phillips (G), Edwards (AU), Atwood (G), 17.8 sec.
220 yard low hurdles—Phillips (G), Atwood (G), Edwards (AU), 28.9 sec.
Pole vault—Akin (G), Atwood and Jorde (G), 11 ft. 1 in.
Shot-put—Hill (AU), Rogers (G), Ravn (G), 37 feet.
High jump—Stevens (G), Edwards (AU), Hill (AU), 5 ft. 4 in.
Discus throw—Ravn (G), Hill (AU), Culbertson (G), 112 ft. 7 in.
Javelin throw—Mrkobrad (G), Hill (AU), R. Brown (G), 159 ft. 11 3/4 in.
Broad jump—Akin (G), Edwards (AU), Adams (AU), 19 ft. 6 in.

Saturday evening, the annual Kappa Gamma Fraternity dance was held in Old Gym, which was beautifully decorated for the occasion. The decorations were bizarre in their originality, and difficult to describe, but consisted mostly of a black and white color scheme, modernistic in effect, with boxed lights, portraying the Ace, King, Queen and Knave of each suit. An eight-foot spade served as an entrance, and prepared the dancers in a way for what lay within. Plams and ferns and backgrounds heightened the effect.

An excellent orchestra furnished music, playing only waltzes and slow fox-trots in a way that was appreciated by all. Delicious punch was served during intermissions near the swimming pool which had also been decorated for the occasion. Prof. and Mrs. Drake were in the receiving line with Grand Rajah Norman Brown and partner, Miss Ola Benoit.

The committee in charge was made up of Henry Reidelberger, Rodney Walker, John Tuberen, Lyon Dickson, and George Hanson. Those who could not attend the dance will have a chance to see the decorations at the Senior Prom, which will be held on the evening of Saturday, May 28th.

Saturday, May 14, the Gallaudet gym classes will present an athletic and dancing exhibition under the supervision and instruction of Miss Remsberg and Prof. Hughes. In

the past, such exhibitions have been held indoors, but this year's presentation will be given on the campus. The women will present a series of nature dances, while the men's exhibition will include tumbling and pyramid building. Every one is cordially invited to attend. Following the exhibition, in the evening, the Athletic Association will hold its annual banquet, given by the college in honor of the organization, and the OWLS will present their valadictory program in Fowler Hall, at 8 o'clock.

Friday evening, May 6, the Tom L. Anderson Story Telling Contest was held in Chapel Hall. Due to unforeseen circumstances, only three contestants entered the program. Leon Auerbach, who also won the Poetry Declamation held two weeks ago, was acclaimed the winner by the judges, Dr. Hall, Dr. Peet, and Prof. Drake. His presentation was titled, "England to America," and illustrated the mysterious tie which closely allies these two nations. Earl Jones, with his "\$50,000 or———," was a close second, while Reeves, the other entrant, entertained the audience with his lengthy story, "Scream of the Condor."

An unusually entertaining program has been arranged by the Movie Club for Friday, May 13. The main feature of the evening will be a special film starring Rudolph Valentino. The club has gone to a great deal of trouble and expense to obtain this splendid picture and it is hoped that a large crowd will be on hand for the showing. The program will begin promptly at 7:30 P.M.

State Labor Department Aids Deaf in Industrial World

Explaining the functions of the Division of the Deaf and Deafened in the Department of Labor and Industry, George A. Krogstad, the chairman, said:

"Because of his deafness, the outlook of the average deaf man differs in certain respects from that of the average hearing man. As a rule, people do not understand and appreciate this difference. There is still a further difference between those who were born deaf, those who became deaf after having acquired some speech, and those who have lost their hearing in more advanced years, or have gradually become deaf.

"There is then a difference in the manner of their bringing up and education. Many are sent to state residential schools where the Combined System of instruction is used. This system fits the method of instruction to the requirements of the child. There are those who are educated in Day Schools for the Deaf or in Private Schools, exclusively by the Oral Method, i. e., lip reading and speech.

Those who have lost their hearing in advanced years have commonly been educated in public schools and have little or no knowledge of these first two classes of deaf people," he said.

"The logical conclusion is that someone familiar with the problems confronting these several groups of deaf people should help them adjust themselves to a complicated and ever changing industrial age. The answer is the Division of the Deaf and Deafened within the Department of Labor and Industry, directed by one who has had forty years' experience among the deaf and deafened and who is, himself, deaf, and understands the innermost feelings of the deaf and deafened as only a deaf person can.

"The basic instinct of gregariousness in man must be recognized. It requires that he must be able to freely communicate his ideas and thoughts to others. This explains why the deaf form social groups with their own leaders, something not common to any other physically handicapped class. It also explains why the deaf have a courageous

(Continued on page 8)

The Capture of the Barrier Forts

BY ADMIRAL GEORGE E. BELKNAP

A Deed of American Heroism in the Chinese War of 1856

Early in May, 1856, we sailed from Norfolk, Va., in the sloop-of-war *Portsmouth*, sixteen guns, Commander A. H. Foote, bound for the China station, and reached Hongkong about four months later.

Hardly had the ship been "put to rights" after the long outward passage, when rumors of threatened troubles between the British and Chinese officials at Canton began to fill the air. As our commodore was at Shanghai with the *San Jacinto* and *Levant*, Captain Foote, acting promptly on his own responsibility, proceeded with the *Portsmouth* to Whampoa, the shipping port of Canton.

Thence he despatched a force of eighty officers, bluejackets and marines to protect the grounds and buildings at the settlement, or "factories," occupied by our consulate, merchants and missionaries, just without the walls of Canton. Here watch and ward were kept up, day and night, for several weeks.

Meanwhile, the differences between the Chinese and British grew more serious. The British cruisers in the river were constantly annoyed by stinkpots, rockets and other ridiculous means peculiar to Chinese warfare. At this time, when one asked a Chinaman to do anything, the general response was, "Too muchee bobbery—no can do!"

Finally, after due warning, the British Admiral, Sir Michael Seymour, opened fire from his ships upon the city. A few days later the British forces stormed a breach in the city walls, and some indiscreet Americans joined in the assault, displaying our flag.

Captain Foote at once issued a proclamation disavowing all countenance of the flag's display, and warning his countrymen to keep hands off. But the Chinese, no doubt, continued to suspect Americans to be more or less in alliance with the British.

Commodore Armstrong now arrived at Whampoa in the flag-ship, and after full consideration decided to withdraw our force from above, to avoid possible entanglement in the difficulties. Accordingly Captain Foote, who had been called down to Whampoa to receive the commander's instructions, left the *San Jacinto* on the afternoon of the fifteenth of November, in one of the *Portsmouth's* boats, to resume command of our force at Canton and arrange for its withdrawal.

At a certain point in the river the channel had been obstructed by a barrier of piling. Commanding the channel stood the four Barrier Forts, located on an island in midstream.

As the boat approached a gap in the barrier, the nearest fort fired a shot which fell uncomfortably near. Then, *plump*, came a second shot, which struck still closer to the boat.

Waving the flag and firing a revolver, our captain kept on up the river; but when within short range of the next fort it opened a fire of round shot and grape, which fell in showers about the boat. One shot struck between two of the oars and splashed water into the faces of the men.

This second attack showed deliberate intention from the first. Thereupon Captain Foote put about, pulled back to the flag-ship, reported the outrage to the commodore and urged immediate retaliation. The commodore finally consented.

The first thing that had to be done was to sound out the channel, so that the *Portsmouth* and *Levant* could take position for the attack. Early on the next morning, therefore, one of the *San Jacinto's* boats went out to undertake that duty.

Scarcely half an hour had elapsed when a shot from the enemy struck off the head of the leadman who

stood in the bow sounding—a ghastly incident, indicating accurate gunnery and bespeaking warm work ahead.

That afternoon the commodore, having come on board, together with some officers and men from the flag-ship, the *Portsmouth* was towed into position by an American steamer amidst a furious fire from the forts. The *Levant* unfortunately grounded and could not get up until the next tide.

Dropping anchors at bow and stern, the port broadside was soon brought to bear, when our eight-inch-shell guns began to reply to the enemy's fire in true seamanlike fashion.

Many of us had never been under fire before, and the scream and hurtle and crash of the shot was a rude and startling experience. I recall one long, slab-sided fellow who was so overcome with fear that he had to be sent below. The poor man simply could not stand it, yet had the rare courage to confess himself a coward!

The old commodore, a veteran of 1812, tall, grim and gray, walked up and down the poop-deck, apparently oblivious of danger, while Captain Foote handed and fought the ship in a masterful way that could not have been surpassed by any one.

The fight continued, hot and heavy, for some three hours, when the forts were practically silenced.

Although the ship was often struck and the rigging much cut up, we had but one man wounded. He had a leg terribly shattered, but the skillful surgeons saved it. The enemy had fired a little high. That accounted for our immunity from casualties.

As the tide ebbed that night the ship grounded and listed to starboard, so that an alert foe would have discovered our exposed bilge and inflicted serious damage on us. But not a sound was heard ashore until two hours past midnight.

Then a lighted lantern happened to be shown in our port gangway. In a twinkling the enemy plumped an eight-inch shot into our bends, directly under the lantern. Needless to say, that lantern came inboard instantly.

The next day the commodore returned to the flag-ship and attempted to negotiate with the Chinese.

The attempt failed. The forts in the meantime remained quiet, and both the *Portsmouth* and *Levant* shifted berths into better position.

At daylight of the twentieth both ships let loose their broadsides. The enemy replied vigorously at first, but soon their fire began to weaken. The bursting of our shells puzzled them. They called them "lotten-chottens shot."

Now the assaulting party, comprising about three hundred officers, seamen and marines, and four twelve-pounder howitzers, left the ships in boats and pulled for the shore.

The enemy made no attempt to oppose the landing, though the fort close at hand swarmed with soliders dressed in gay color shaving bright banners and filling the air with their jabberings. Some of them pounded numerous tom-toms with great sound and fury, as if to scare us off by such puerile means.

In disembarking, two promising lads were instantly killed by the accidental discharge of a minie rifle. The heavy ball went through both of them—a distressing loss of life, due solely to carelessness.

The path lay across rice fields. A deep creek had to be waded. This tested character. Some of the officers crossed dry-shod on the men's backs, others waded in for the men to follow.

Passing through a village, the howitzer cleared the streets, and the rear of the fort was soon reached. No sooner had the head of the column got fairly near than the garrison scampered out of the sally-port and fled. Some of the fugitives took to the water to swim for it;

others were shot down by the marines as they ran.

An officer of the *Portsmouth* hastened to plant the flag on the parapet. No sooner was it run up than the fort opposite opened fire upon it; but our men sprang to the guns of the captured fort and soon silenced the enemy—not, however, before the *Portsmouth's* launch had been sunk.

There was a large camp of soldiers close by. That force attacked us twice that afternoon, but were readily repulsed. The absurd enemy seemed to depend upon their flags and feathers, gongs and tom-toms, rather than upon the use of their gingsals—clumsy match-lock muskets. Their silk-petticoated leaders knew nothing of war.

After nightfall part of the force went back to the ships; the remainder, under Commander Bell of the *San Jacinto*, held the fort. During the night the enemy threw stinkpots over the wall to drive the little garrison forth. Such comical attempts but made fun for our men.

At daybreak next morning the ships reopened fire on the other three forts. The enemy replied stoutly for a time, but within an hour the nearest fort became silent.

Again the boats were manned for the assault. The steamer *Cum Fa* took us in tow. A man had just been mortally wounded on board the *Levant*, and now a heavy shot struck the *San Jacinto's* launch, killing one man, mortally wounding two others and disabling seven more.

Landing on a narrow neck of land and wading a deep creek, under a fierce fire of gingsals and rockets, the fort was carried with a rush, though the enemy that retreated numbered four to our one. Meanwhile the marines captured a breastwork of the river containing six guns.

A detachment of the enemy, coming to the rescue, were driven back by the bluejackets. While this fun was going on a howitzer made havoc with another body of Chinese assembled around the picturesque pagoda just back of the fort first captured.

Now a part of our force was reembarbed in the boats, and under cover of the guns of the fort just taken pulled for the inland fort and occupied it, for the enemy abandoned it the moment the boats began to cross over. One of the guns in this fort was a handsome brass piece of eight inch bore and twenty-three feet in length.

Operations were now suspended for the night, but at dawn next morning the reveille was sounded, breakfast served and arrangements made for the final attack.

A party was left in the midstream fort with three howitzers, to play upon the enemy and distract their fire, but despite the swift work of the field-pieces the Chinese plied their guns desperately. The boats had to face a continuous shower of round shot, grape and gingsal bullets.

One of the launches grounded amidst a storm of shot, and the officer and men had to jump overboard to lighten her and shove her ahead. Luckily the enemy fired too high; most of their shot passed over; and before the boats reached the shore the men sprang overboard and rushed to the assault.

The enemy, startled by such energetic movements, dropped everything and fled. A volley of musketry hastened their pace, and the fort was soon occupied. A train of lighted slow-matches to guns loaded and laid for the boats in the stream was at once cut and disaster averted.

That night the enemy attacked the fort in the rear. Provided with scaling-ladders, the assailants managed to throw a few rockets and stinkpots over the parapet, but they were soon driven off, leaving two ladders behind.

The captured forts mounted in the aggregate one hundred and seventy-six heavy guns. Their solid

granite walls were eight feet in thickness to the base of the parapet, and sixteen feet in height in all. As fast as they had been occupied the guns had been spiked and their carriages burned.

It was now decided to raze the walls to the ground. We therefore camped out in one fort after the other for three weeks, until this destruction was accomplished—a novel experience for men-o'-war's men.

One day a tragic event occurred which threw a cloud of gloom over the whole company. A mine had been made nearly ready to fire. The kegs of powder, with a head knocked out of each, had been placed and dirt and stones were being packed around them. The officer in command of the party left for a moment to direct the hauling of a heavy gun up against the mine.

Suddenly the mine exploded, killing three men instantly and severely wounding seven others. Two of the killed were blown to atoms; the third was thrown into a low-limbed tree with every shred of clothing torn off, and yet his body showed not a sign of a hurt or bruise anywhere!

One of the victims had undoubtedly taken a crowbar to pack the stones about the powder, and striking a spark, caused the explosion. Sailors are proverbially careless in the handling of gunpowder.

When the last fort had been made a heap of stones and mortar, it was felt that the insult to our flag had been avenged, and the force was withdrawn to the ships.

Our loss had been seven killed and twenty wounded, about equally divided among the three ships. A handsome monument of marble at the New York Navy Yard commemorates this episode in our naval annals.

The *Portsmouth* was now ordered by the commodore to get ready for a visit to Shanghai. As she dropped down the river for Hongkong, past the British admiral's ship, the admiral's band began to play "Hail Columbia" and his crew manned the rigging and gave three cheers for the "Black Devil,"—a name the *Portsmouth* ever after bore on the station. She was painted entirely black. She had done most of the work, and Captain Foote was recognized and honored as the soul of the whole affair.

Ten years later, when I was in command of the flag-ship *Hartford*, and took her up to Canton, the only handiwork of man left to mark the locality of the demolished forts was the graceful pagoda which our shells had happily spared. The granite had all been taken up to Canton to build the new quarter occupied by the foreign residents after the peace.

Dr. Spaulding, Oldest Dartmouth Alumnus, Dies

PORTLAND, Me.,—Dr. James A. Spaulding, oldest alumnus of Dartmouth College, died at his home here after a long illness. He was 91 years old.

Dr. Spaulding, master of eleven languages despite being deaf from youth, was graduated from Dartmouth in 1866. His alma mater conferred the degree of Doctor of Letters upon him in 1928. He was graduated in 1870 from the Harvard Medical School, where he studied under Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes and attended lectures on the internal secretions by Brown Sequard, saw Dr. Bigelow perform the first litholapaxy ever done in the world.

It was Dr. Holmes who advised Dr. Spaulding to forego becoming a practicing physician in deference to his deafness and to devote his talent to ophthalmology. Dr. Spaulding, taking the advice, studied abroad under eminent surgeons. He returned to Portland in 1873.

He was a grandson of Dr. Lyman Spaulding, founder of the National Pharmacopoeia.—N. Y. Times.

Anent Deafness

By Thomas Francis Fox

XXII

Language has always been the main problem in the education of the deaf, and probably always will be whatever the method of instruction that may be used. It is a problem whose solution calls for all the intellect, ingenuity and ability of the most experienced teachers; none can afford to ignore the importance of this subject, although some instructors seem to minimize this essential and center their attention too closely upon the teaching of speech; thus the main object in the education of the deaf—language leading to the development of the intellect—becomes subordinated to the acquisition of speech. Were a little more stress laid upon the teaching of language as such, as the all-important side of education, and more serious effort put forth toward its accomplishment, there would be far less criticism of oral school work, which now seems an apparent effort to convert their deaf pupils into human mollusca. Speech is acknowledged to be of the greatest value to the deaf, and so is the ability to read the lips of speakers; each has its merits, but as between the development of speech and that of strengthening the intellectual powers, there can be little question of the preference of the latter. The two should advance in union if complete education is to be attained. This may be said to represent the views of the educated deaf in reply to the unfair and malicious slur cast at deaf teachers, by advocates of "scientific teaching" who imply that only hearing teachers of the deaf are influenced in their work by purely disinterested motives—that they all honestly believe that oralism is the best for the deaf, while deaf teachers say they believe in the teaching of speech merely to hold their positions. The profession would reach a rather low level were this assertion true; fortunately it does not represent the opinion of the real leaders.

The development of the mental powers implies the training of the deaf to think, to reason, to make intelligent comparisons and wise choices. It means training all their mental powers so as to enable them by their own efforts to acquire all useful information; this is what they will need in after-school life. There should be given greater consideration to the development of sound reasoning ability rather than confining instruction to the mere ability to speak more or less plainly as being the one object of education. The usual complaint is that oral instruction, while giving due attention to the elementary part of language teaching, either neglects the subject, or is unable to meet advanced requirements in upper grade classes. A serious criticism against many teachers is their own deficiency of training in English beyond the usual forms of ordinary conversation. Not being well prepared in language and composition, they lack the ability to teach these subjects properly, and confine themselves to "talking" to cover up their own deficiencies. Whatever the method the teachers of the deaf follow, they need to possess a thorough knowledge of the philosophy of language; when they teach through and solely by speech they require, in addition, full training in speech and speech reading rather than a mere smattering of those subjects, in order to prepare pupils to pass the transition stage between elementary and advanced language work. This is essential in order to lead the pupil to the point where language begins to interpret ideas, and setting before him possibilities of mental development, which may be considered as the crux of the difficulty in language teaching. This is the great responsibility which rests upon teachers in providing their pupils with a working command of language.

At the present time this and related questions on methods of instruction and the results that are reached lead seriously to the query frequently propounded by honest members of the teaching profession as to where it is at, one that is keeping the leaders of the profession guessing. As the State has fulfilled the aspirations of the pioneers by providing a common school education for every deaf child, it seems to the public as though the silent learners had reached their intellectual climax. At exhibitions they give intelligent answers to questions, they speak in a way that astonished auditors, yet all the while the problem of educating the deaf seems to be growing bigger.

There is no denying the fact that there exists a strong undercurrent of dissatisfaction among progressive teachers of the deaf with the results being obtained in the schools as compared with other days. They feel that something more practical is needed than a perpetual discussion of methods. This has been voiced by a leading thinker in the view expressed that, "Modern teaching indurates sensibility; there must be a change. There must be found some effective way of reaching and arousing the consciousness of the child. We must have fairer and more sensible methods; must get down to the broad, concrete foundation in education." This confession expresses an unpleasant truth which every experienced and conscientious teacher must feel—that they are teaching more or less in the dark without an insight into the mysterious mental processes of the deaf pupil. It requires years of toilsome study before a mechanic is trusted to run such a piece of machinery as a locomotive, and then to obtain perfect control of the engine there must be a strong sympathy between the "man at the throttle" and the machine making the inanimate rods and pistons responsive to the driver's slightest wish. And yet the teacher, without the patient investigation of a laboratory specialist, presumes to know that most wonderful thing—the mind of a deaf child.

It would appear that the root of the trouble is beginning to be reached when the teachers acknowledge that the schools have scarcely got over the obsolete notion of trying to "learn" the pupil instead of letting him learn for himself; of teaching all the deaf by one definite method instead of considering them individually. A fetish is made of a single method which would apparently classify all deaf children as being of a single instead of being, as are other children, of varying degrees of mentality, disposition and ability. To the educated adult deaf it has all the appearance of an effort to destroy individuality, and to standardize the deaf through and by artificial speech alone, and when they fail to master speech the children are apparently of no further interest in the line of educational effort. This appears to be what the final outcome of compulsory training in speech alone to all deaf children without distinction amounts to. To-day congenitally deaf children are trained to speak, and to read the lips of others when spoken to, but unfortunately the acquisition of these valuable aids is not possible to all the deaf; many of them meet with failure in this line in their attempt to adjust their conception of what they ought to do and what is absolutely necessary for them to do in their experiences—which means the use of pad and pencil. There is thus a terrific irony in this, after all the careful instruction and warnings they received at school, but facts have to be faced. For the congenitally deaf to speak plainly and freely and to read the lips understandingly, while it is a consummation much to be desired, is quite an achievement.

Subscribe for the DEAF-MUTES' JOURNAL, \$2.00 a year.

New York State

The following was sent us by a young lady in Rochester. Saturday evening, April 30, was a red letter night of the 1938 season for the Zenvelt Club, an organization of young women Alumni of the Rochester School. They meet fortnightly in the Y.W.C.A., alternating business meetings and socials. The object of the club is to bring happiness to those less fortunate than its members, and it has long been well known for its good influence.

The evening began with a delicious repast of baked potatoes, meat loaf, and coldslaw, with all the fixings, topped off with orange ice cream and cake. When everything was eaten except the tables, these were moved away too, so that a stage show could be put on. A number of short acts from real life proved that the girls were very able actresses. Then magic lantern pictures of members of the audience, as they appeared years ago, were shown. These were enjoyed so much it was difficult to stop so that the next part of the program could be had. This was progressive games of pinocle and bridge, with three prizes for each series.

Visitors came from Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Batavia, Geneva, and many other near-by towns. Of course, with all these friends gathered together from far and near, it was hard to break up the gathering. But we hope the young ladies carry on their good work and have more and merrier gatherings in the future.

Albany is still so busy talking of the big bowling blowout at Syracuse that we couldn't get any news at all. Better luck next week.

W. LANGE, JR.

Punxsutawney, Pa.

Come, come, enjoy making acquaintances with new and old friends. The committee, John A. Moynihan, chairman, has completed arrangements for a real big Spring Social for the benefit of the Home for Aged, Infirm and Blind-Deaf, Torresdale, Philadelphia, to be held at the Punxsutawney Silent Club, 220 West Mahoning Street, third floor, Saturday evening, May 21, 1938 at 8 o'clock. Admission will be twenty-five cents per person. To provide carloads of real fun and enjoyment for all, there will be games, dancing, movies, etc. Prizes will be awarded. Present indications are that a large crowd will be attending.

Mr. Carl Speel of Cumberland, Md., traveled through this region the other day.

Miss J. Caserta, accompanied by her brother, James, left April 24th for Buffalo, N. Y., where another brother, Tom, is expecting to secure employment for her. Tom works as welder in that city. James attended the St. Mary's School for the Deaf there.

John A. Moynihan, retired, has been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ressler of DuBois for some time. Mr. Ressler is a valued employee at the Osborn Iron Works, having been employed there as moulder eighteen years. A lucky man he is.

Herman V. Schermer, linotype operator at the DuBois Courier-Express, visited with his mother in Sharon, Pa., recently.

John A. Moynihan, Miss Dorothy Mericle, Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Lattimer, and Herman Schermer attended the 17th anniversary banquet of the Johnstown Div., No 85, N. F. S. D., Saturday, April 30. During the course of the meal, credit was given largely to Mr. Lattimer; for securing the division the largest number of new members during the 1937 Derby Drive. He is vice-president of the Punxs' club.

Oswald Gardner of Freeport, Pa., Alexander Maier of Apollo, Pa., and Thomas Garvin of Reynoldsville, Pa., dropped in at the club re-

cently, and were pleasantly surprised to meet many old friends of theirs. They also were pleased by the beauty and attractiveness of our club room.

At the March business meeting of the Punxs'y club, three new members were taken in, viz: Mr. and Mrs. Milton Nelson and Leonard Wilson of Indiana, Pa. Still going strong.

H. S.

May 6th

Portland, Oregon

Portlanders had no chance to display their Easter bonnets this year. A cold wind and pelting rain kept such finery hung in the closet, and we, braving the weather to appear at church, wore our winter garments (which we intended to store away with moth balls early in April) and found all our friends doing likewise.

Deafness is a recompense! A. G. Lowe and his wife are able to get a full night's rest, while hearing neighbors are kept awake by noisy woodpeckers. The disturbance was so great that police were called to shoot the noisemakers.

Arthur Edeu is working at his old job again in a Portland mattress factory after being laid off for four months.

The April social, given by the Portland Chapter of the Oregon Association of the Deaf, was a great success. Mrs. Wilmette Eden, one of the committee, secured the services of several pupils of a local dancing school, who gave a number of exhibition dances in costume. Konrad Hokanson, Oregon's representative at the National Association last July, spoke of his trip to Chicago, and gave an outline of the work being done by the N.A.D. Games and fortune telling filled in the rest of the evening's program. Several visitors from Salem and Astoria, Ore., and Longview, Wash., attended.

Mrs. Cora Walther, who left Portland last year to live with her son in Montana, was summoned to Bremerton, Wash., by the sudden death of her daughter, Wyota, who was well known to many Portlanders. Before returning to Montana Mrs. Walther expects to pay a short visit to her old friends on the coast.

Mrs. Kauffman left recently for a visit to her former home in Iowa. John is boarding out and pretending to be a bachelor, but the gloomy look on his face leads us to believe a temporary bachelor's life is not a happy one.

Mr. and Mrs. C.H. Linde entertained a party of sixteen friends in honor of Mrs. George Riley of Victoria, B.C., on April 23rd. Although they reside on a Canadian island, the Rileys make frequent trips to the "States," and are well known all along the Pacific coast.

Respecting the memory of John O. Reichle, former treasurer and director, the members of Division 41 of the N.F.S.D. postponed their Smoker, which was scheduled for April, until May or June.

Guie C. Cooke

Special Employment Service for the Deaf

In New York City three schools for the deaf, Lexington School, New York School, and St. Joseph's School, maintain a special employment service for the deaf. This service is in cooperation with the New York State Employment Service at 79 Madison Avenue, New York City. Margarette B. Helmle, the Special Representative, is in charge. Her office hours are Monday and Wednesday from 9:00 A.M. to 4:00 P.M. without appointment. Appointments may be made for other days by letter or telephone.

Miss Helmle will be glad to see any deaf person wishing to consult her about work, vocational training or any other problem on which she may be of assistance. Special appointment can be made for those working or who cannot come on regular interviewing days. The telephone number is LExington 2-8910.

NEW YORK CITY

(Continued from page 1)

EPHPHETA SOCIETY

Complying with the new Constitution and By-Laws, three new directors and a sergeant-at-arms were elected at the May meeting. Julius Kieckers, Mae Austra and Irene Bohn will be on the board, and Owen Coyne hereafter will see that only members in good standing are admitted to the meeting room.

The By-Laws in book form will be distributed at the June meeting. It contains sixteen pages.

Miss Anna Popowiz made her debut on the floor as a broadcaster for her Card Party to be held this Friday (the 13th) at the 16th Street College. She announced her assistants to be as follows: George Lynch, Charles Spitaleri, Herbert Koritzer and John Ward. Refreshments will be included in the price of admission.

John C. Reilly and Sandy Tedesco, both members of our society who died recently, were enrolled in the Purgatorial Society of the Church of St. Francis Xavier.

Mrs. Rose Fisher was operated on for appendicitis at the Jersey City Medical Center recently. She is doing as well as can be expected.

Marie Vitti, our senior trustee, was absent again. She is now hobbling around on crutches, but should discard them by the time the Society meets again.

The gala event of the waning social season is the Ball and Entertainment of Manhattan Division No. 87, next Saturday evening on the Belmont Plaza Roof. Being right in the heart of New York City, at Lexington Ave. and 49th Street, it is so conveniently reached and promises to draw a large crowd. The daylight saving time affords some fine views of the city at dusk from the roof garden, and when darkness falls there is the music and dancing, floor show and other attractions to make a perfect evening of pleasure.

Los Angeles, Cal.

(Continued from page 1)

Mr. Priester (the wife) were a farm couple starting to drive their Ford. The front of the car was Mr. Verburb, in a stooping posture, covered by a blanket, the tires were Messrs. Lee, Chase and Waddell. When the farmer turned the wheel the engine and tires moved! This scene involved a lot of horse-play that kept the crowd laughing. Of the show as a whole, we may say it was a wow! We think the deaf should have more plays and shows, as they did in the days before the movies.

No. 27, N.F.S.D., is showing a fraternal spirit toward Hollywood No. 119. The former managed a "Poor Taste" and Dutch Whist party for them the night of April 23d at Sunset Masonic Temple. Few took the trouble to dress in poor taste, though the young oracles turned out in full force. The cash prizes for poor taste "rigs" were awarded to Mrs. I. A. Krasne and Perry Stephenson, for dancers to Marjorie Torgerson and Giffen Crowder, at Dutch Whist to Mrs. Doane and Mrs. Noah (for the ladies) and to Messrs. H. Banks and F. Pearce.

The wives and friends of No. 119 have organized an Aux-Frax Society to help with its social events. They elected the following officers: President, Mrs. Joe Greenberg; Vice-President, Mrs. M. Tibbetts; Secretary, Mrs. W. Winn; Treasurer, Miss Hilda Cohen; Sergeant, Miss Ida Chiate; Senior Trustee, Mrs. G. Eccles; Junior Trustee, Mrs. I. Ausander, Mrs. Grace Noah was appointed Chairman of the Entertainment Committee with Mrs. Eccles and Miss Cohen as her aides.

Miss Dorothy Mason, social director for the Cunard White Star, Ltd.,

New York, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Cecile Willman. She is enjoying a brief vacation from her arduous duties as hostess on the well-known English steamship company. She has just completed her winter series of cruises to South America. She commences her summer cruises on June 1st when she embarks on the S.S. Corinthia for a series of trips to Nassau, Bahamas Islands, Havana, Cuba, Bermuda, Quebec, Gaspe and the Saguenay. Miss Mason's duties on board the ship consists in arranging the social program of entertainment for the cruise. She also teaches dancing, including the Tango, Rhumba and Big Apple dance to the passengers.

AUGUSTA K. BARRETT.

Michigan Labor Bureau

(Continued from page 5)

expectancy in life, discount the drawback of their deafness, enjoy life and make the most of conditions as they find them. They form the one and only handicapped class that is an asset and not a liability to society.

"Admitting their handicap, they realize that, only by being superior workmen, may they hope to obtain and hold employment. Recognizing also the difficulty in securing employment, once they do secure a job, they make it plain that they deserve to hold it and do hold it. It is here that the Division of the Deaf familiar with the problems of the individual deaf, if given the opportunity, can serve industry by securing for it superior workers. The deaf know that they must justify all claims made for them and that their rights will be recognized only by work meriting such recognition."—*Detroit Labor News*, April 8.

Brooklyn Guild of Deaf-Mutes

Meets first Thursday evening each month except July, August and September, at St. Mark's Parish House, 230 Adelphi Street, near DeKalb Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y. Mr. Charles W. Olsen, Secretary, 371 East 159th Street, Bronx, N. Y. C.

Mrs. S. G. Hoag, chairman of the Entertainments, wishes to remind all of the socials the last Saturday of each month. From the Nevins Street station (I. R. T. subway) or the DeKalb Avenue station (B. M. T.), take the DeKalb trolley car and stop at Adelphi Street.

Union League of the Deaf, Inc.

Club Rooms open the year round. Regular meetings on Third Tuesday of each month, at 8:15 P.M. Visitors coming from a distance of over twenty-five miles welcome. Benjamin Mintz, President; Joseph F. Mortiller, Secretary, 711 Eighth Avenue, New York City.

RESERVED

New England Gallaudet Association of the Deaf—Convention
July 2, 3, 4, 1938
PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Union League of the Deaf

711 Eighth Ave., New York City
Will have a

LITERARY NIGHT

on
SUNDAY
June
12

SPEAKERS

MR. WILLIAM RENNER
THE ROMEROS
MR. GEORGE LYNCH
MR. FRANK HOPPAUGH
MR. SAMUEL FRANKENHEIM
MISS MARGARET JACKSON
MR. BOWDREN, Aff., MR. J. EBIN, Neg.
DEBATE: "Is the New Deal Justified"
Speakers will not exceed 15 minutes each.

The committee cannot guarantee that advertised speakers will appear, but does guarantee a good show.
Admission, 25 Cents

James H. Quinn, John N. Funk, Max M. Lubin, Committee.

GALA REVIVAL EVENT

Manhattan Division, No. 87

NATIONAL FRATERNAL SOCIETY OF THE DEAF

Ball and Entertainment

on the

BELMONT PLAZA ROOF

Lexington Avenue at Forty-Ninth Street
New York City

GLIMPSES

CASINO-IN-THE-AIR FLOOR SHOW FOUNTAIN ROOM
ROOF GARDENS DANCE CONTEST SERVICE BAR

Saturday Evening, May 14, 1938

Subscription - One Dollar

COMMITTEE

FRANZ L. ASCHER, Chairman 419 West 144th St., N. Y. C.
HENRY STEIN, Treasurer 50 Park Terrace West, N. Y. C.
EDGAR BLOOM, JR. CHARLES JOSELOW JEROME SCHAPIRA
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MEMORIAL DAY MEETING AND PROGRAM

ALUMNI ASSOCIATION OF THE NEW
JERSEY SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

West Trenton, N. J.

All Day, Monday, May 30, 1938

Program

10:00 A.M.—Baseball, Trenton School vs. West Virginia School
11:30 A.M.—Unveiling of Mr. George S. Porter's portrait
12:30 P.M.—Luncheon to be held outdoors.
1:30 P.M.—Alumni Business Meeting; Members only
3:30 P.M.—Baseball, Trenton School vs. West Virginia School
6:00 P.M.—Hot dinner served in the main dining room
8:00 P.M.—Reception and Dance in the auditorium

For information, write Secretary F. W. Hoppaugh, 297 N. Day Street, Orange, N. J.; if you wish to join the organization, send all moneys to Mr. H. Dixon, 214 Hancock Avenue, Jersey City. Special buses will leave from Jersey City and other points if there is a demand for them.

Newark Bus leaves 207 Market Street, Newark. For reservations write D. A. Davidowitz, 1 W. Alpine Street, Newark. 50 cents deposit in advance for tickets, costing \$1.25 round trip.

Farewell Play Day and Picnic

Auspices of the GENERAL ORGANIZATION

On the grounds of the

NEW YORK SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

99 Fort Washington Ave., New York City

Monday, May 30, 1938, 2 to 6 p.m.

Program

1. Two games—Softball (4 teams) Fanwood vs St. Ann's and H. A. D. vs. Union League
2. 1½ Mile Bike Races
3. 220 Yd Walk Race
4. Baby Contest (Age 3 to 6)
5. 25 Yd Run (Age 7 to 10)
6. Jokes (one minute limit)
7. Novelties

Admission, 25c

ADRIAN G. TAINSLY, Athletic Director
FRANK T. LUX, Chairman